SITE SPECIFIC NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT IN SOYBEAN (GLYCINE MAX L. MERRILL)

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Abstract : A field experiment was conducted during *kharif* season, 2008 on medium black clay soils (Vertisols) having pH 7.80 at Research Farm, College of Agriculture Indore (M.P.). To study the "Site specific nutrient management in soybean (*Glycine max* L. Merill.)". The experiment was conducted in randomized block design having nine treatments - T_1 - Fertilizer dose as per farmers' practice (50 kg DAP/ha), T_2 - T_1 + 40 kg S/ha through gypsum + 6.25 kg Zn/ha through ZnCl₂, T_3 - Recommended dose of fertilizer (RDF) i.e. 23.5 kg N, 60 kg P_2O_5 , 23.5 kg K_2O through DAP and MOP, T_4 - T_3 + 40 kg S/ha through gypsum + 6.25 kg Zn/ha through ZnCl₂, T_5 - 150% of RDF i.e. 35.2 kg N, 90 kg P_2O_5 , 35.2 kg K_2O through DAP and MOP, T_6 - T_5 + 40 kg S/ha through gypsum + 6.25 kg Zn/ha through ZnCl₂, T_7 - Soil test based RDF for 25 q/ha yield target (28.95:74.92:9.5 N: P_2O_5 : K_2O kg/ha given through DAP and MOP), T_8 - T_7 + 40 kg S/ha through gypsum + 6.25 kg Zn/ha through ZnCl₂, T_9 - Control. The treatments were replicated 4 times. The treatment T_6 (150% RDF + 40 kg S + 6.25 kg Zn/ha) significantly produced maximum plant growth (i.e. plant height, branches/plant, dry matter accumulation, number of nodules/plant, leaf area/plant, LAI, chlorophyll content), seed yield/plant (10.03 g), biological yield (3400kg/ha), grain yield (1673 kg/ha) and straw yield (1727 kg/ha) followed by T_5 (150% RDF). The maximum net return of Rs. 20525/ha along with highest benefit: cost ratio of 3.00 was obtained with treatment T_5 (150% RDF), while gross income was highest (Rs. 31841/ha) with treatment T_6 (150% RDF+ 40 kg S + 6.25 kg Zn/ha).

Keyword: Nutrient management, Soybean

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