RESPONSE OF LINSEED (*LINUM USITATISSIMUM* L.) VARIETIES TO VARYING FERTILITY AND IRRIGATION LEVELS IN VERTISOLS OF SOUTH- EAST RAJASTHAN

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Abstract: A field experiment was conducted during *rabi* seasons of 2000-01 and 2001-02 at Agricultural Research Station, Ummedganj, Kota to find out the suitable variety of linseed for fertility and irrigation. The experiment consistent of 24 treatment combinations, comprised of 2 varieties (Meera and Rashmi), 3 irrigation schedules (IW/CPE of 0.3, 0.5 and 0.7) kept in main plots and 4 fertility levels (0 kg N + 0 kg P₂O₅ ha⁻¹, 40 kg N + 20 kg P₂O₅ ha⁻¹, 80 kg N + 30 kg P₂O₅ ha⁻¹ and 120 kg N + 40 kg P₂O₅ ha⁻¹) in sub plots in spilt plot design with 3 replications. Maximum seed yield, contents of N, protein and oil and oil yield was recorded in Meera as compared to Rashmi. Significantly higher seed yield (15.47 q/ha) was recorded at IW/CPE of 0.5 which was 20.11 % higher than IW/CPE of 0.3 kg N + 30 kg P₂O₅/ha, which was 22.2 and 92.1 % higher over 80 kg N + 20 kg P₂O₅ /ha and no fertilization. The oil content (42.80) and oil yield (753.60 kg ha⁻¹) also significantly increased by 3.62 and 12.2, 26.82 and 115.70 per cent at 80 kg N + 30 kg P₂O₅/ha over 40 kg N + 20 kg P₂O₅/ha and 0 kg N + 0 kg P₂O₅/ha, respectively.

Keywords: N content, Oil yield, Protein content, Seed yield

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