INFLUENCE OF BAP ON *IN VITRO* REGENERATION OF SHOOTS FROM IMMATURE LEAVES OF GROUNDNUT (ARACHIS HYPOGAEA L.)

Reena Yadav, Thankappan Radhakrishnan*, Jayantilal R. Dobaria and Abhay Kumar

Directorate of Groundnut Research, PB 5, Ivnagar Road, Junagadh, Gujarat, 362 001 India. *radhakrishnan.nrcg@gmail.com

Abstract : Cytokinins are used in *in vitro* protocols singly or in combinations with auxins to induce cell proliferation and promote shoot regeneration. We report a protocol for efficient regeneration of immature leaf explants from groundnut (*Arachis hypogaea* L.) var. Kadiri-6 and K-134 using a combination of NAA and BAP. A maximum of 90% regeneration with more than 7 shoots per explant was obtained from explants cultured on MS medium with 4 mg/L BAP and 1 mg/L NAA with subsequent substitutions of NAA with AgNO₃ for shoot induction and AgNO₃ by GA₃ for elongation of the shoots. The levels of BAP in the culture medium significantly influenced the frequency of regeneration. This protocol of indirect regeneration from the immature leaves may be used in genetic transformation protocols of groundnut with higher efficiency of recovery of plantlets.

Keywords : Arachis hypogaea, BAP, Immature leaves, Regeneration

REFERENCES

Akasaka, Y.; Daimon, H. and Mii, M. (2000). Improved plant regeneration from cultured leaf segments in peanut (Arachis hypogaea L.) by limited exposure to thidiazuron. *Plant Science*, **156**: 169– 175.

Baker, C.M. and Wetzstein, H. (1992). Somatic embryogenesis and plant regeneration from leaflets of peanut, *Arachis hypogaea*. *Plant Cell Reports* **11**: 71–75.

Banerjee, P.; Maity, S.; Maity, S.S. and Banerjee, N. (2007). Influence of genotype on in vitro multiplication potential of *Arachis hypogaea* L. *Acta Botanica Croatia*, **66**(1): 15–23.

Cheng, M.; His, D.C.H. and Phillips, G.C. (1992). *In vitro* regeneration of valencia-type peanut (*Arachis hypogaea* L.) from cultured petiolules, epicotyl sections and other seedling explants. *Peanut Science*, **19**: 82–87.

Gamborg, O.L.; Miller, R.A. and Ojima, K. (1968) Nutrient requirements of suspension cultures of soybean root cells. *Experimental Cell Research*, 50(1): 151–158.

Murashige, T. and Skoog, F. (1962). A revised medium for rapid growth and bioassays with tobacco tissue cultures. *Physiologia Plantarum*, **15**: 473–497. Narasimhulu, S.B. and Reddy, G.M. (1983). Plantlet regeneration from different callus cultures of *Arachis hypogaea* L. *Plant Science Letters*, **31**: 157–163.

Pestana, M.C.; Lacorte, C.; Freitas, V.G.; Oliveira, D.E. and Mansur, E. (1999). *In vitro* regeneration of peanut (*Arachis hypogaea* L.) through organogenesis: effect of culture temperature and silver nitrate. *In Vitro Cellular & Developmental* Biology - Plant, 35: 214–216.

Radhakrishnan, T.; Chandran, K.; Rajgopal, K.; Dobaria, J.R. and Bandyopadhyay, A. (2000). Genotypic variation in regeneration behaviour of Indian groundnut cultivars. *Tropical Science*, **40**: 199–205.

Roy, J. and Banerjee, N. (2003). Induction of callus and plant regeneration from shoot tip explants of *Dendrobium fimbriatum* Lindl. Var. *oculatum* Hk. F. *Scientia Horticulturae*, 97: 333–340.

Tiwari, S. and Tuli, R. (2009). Multiple shoot regeneration in seed-derived immature leaflet explants of peanut (*Arachis hypogaea* L.). *Scientia Horticulturae*, **121**(2): 223–227.

Vadawale, A.V.; Mihani, R. and Robin, P. (2011). Direct organogenesis in peanut *Arachis hypogaea* L var. GG20. *Asian Journal of Pharmaceutical and Biological Research*, **1**(2): 163–168.

Venkatachalam, P.; Geetha, N.; Khandelwal, A.; Shaila, M.S. and Lakshmi Sita, G. (2000). *Agrobacterium*-mediated genetic transformation and regeneration of transgenic plants from cotyledon explants of groundnut (*Arachis hypogaea* L.) via somatic embryogenesis. *Current Science*, **78**: 1130– 1136.

Verma, A.; Malik, C.P.; Gupta, V.K. and Sinsinwar, Y.K. (2009). Response of groundnut varieties to plant growth regulator (BAP) to induce direct organogenesis. *World Journal of Agricultural Sciences*, **5**(3): 313–317.

Victor, J.M.R.; Murch, S.J.; Krishna Raj, S. and Saxena, P.K. (1999). Somatic embryogenesis and organogenesis in peanut: The role of thidiazuron and N-6-benzylaminopurine in the induction of plant morphogenesis. *Plant Growth Regulation*, **28**(1): 9–15.