EFFECT OF DIFFERENT SOURCES OF NUTRIENTS ON PRODUCTIVITY AND QUALITY OF ONION (ALLIUM CEPA L.)

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Received-05.07.2018. Revised-23.07.2018

Abstract: A field experiment was conducted during *Rabi* season 2016-17 to find out the effect of FYM and Vermi Compost with or without PSB and Azotobactor and rates of organic manures (50% and 100% RND) on growth attributes and yield parameters of onion (Agri found dark red) on a clay loam soil. The treatments comprised of organic, inorganic fertilizer and biofertilizers with ten treatments 100% RDF through inorganic, 100% RDF through FYM (N Basis), 100% RDF through vermicompost,50% RDF through Inorganic Fertilizers + 50 % through FYM, 50% RDF through Inorganic Fertilizers + 50 % through vermicompost, 5 0% RDF through Inorganic Fertilizers + 50 % through FYM + PSB, 50% RDF through Inorganic Fertilizers + 50 % through FYM (N Basis) + PSB + *Azotobactor* and 100% RDF through vermicompost + PSB + *Azotobactor*. Results revealed that the application of organic manure significantly influenced the plant height (cm), number of leaves, fresh weight of leaves (g plant⁻¹) and dry weight of leaves (g plant⁻¹), diameter of bulb (cm), bulb weight (g), bulb yield (q ha⁻¹), total soluble solid (⁰B) and allyl propyl content (ppm) significantly increased with 100% RDF through Vermicompost + PSB + *Azotobactor* at 30 and 60 days of transplanting. Application of 100% RDF applied through vermicompost + PSB + *Azotobactor* (T₁₀) recorded maximum gross returns, net return and cost benefit ratio of onion crop.

Keywords: FYM, Growth, Onion, Vermicompost, Yield

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