EVALUATION OF ADVANCE BREEDING LINES OF TUBEROSE (POLIANTHES TUBEROSA L.) FOR FLOWER YIELD AND QUALITY

T. Usha Bharathi* and R.Umamaheswari

ICAR-Indian Institute of Horticultural Research, Bengaluru-89 Email: <u>t.ushabharathi@gmail.com</u>

Received-07.12.2018, Revised-27.12.2018

Abstract: Three advance breeding lines 1x6-1, IIHR-12 and An sel-1 were evaluated for two consecutive years along with parents, local check and commercial check for flower yield and quality parameters. Advance breeding line IIHR-12 was found to be superior with better flowering and quality parameters such as the medium tall spike (72.64 cm), longest rachis (28.06 cm), extended flowering duration (190.80 days) number of matured bud on spike (5.31), shorter intermodal length (3.39 cm), low spike weight (54.87 g). IIHR-12 with straight spike buds with pink tinge and attractive star shaped flowers were found to be suitable as cut flower. It was also found to be field tolerant to root knot nematode *Meloidogyne incognita*. Advance breeding line 1 x6-1 was found to be superior to the commercial check Arka Prajwal for traits days to opening of first floret (22.07), flowering duration (185.67), weight of flower spike (79.24g) with straight spikes and flower buds with pink tinge. AN sel-1 has recorded to be superior than the commercial check Arka Prajwal for days to opening of first floret (21.70), number of florets per spike (55.17), diameter of floret (4.69 cm), flowering duration (207.41), number of spikes per clump (5.03). The nature of spike of AN sel-1 was found to be bent with pink tinge on flower buds. The commercial check Arka Prajwal registered superior performance for the traits matured bud weight (1.80g), single flower weight (2.29g) and hundred flower weight (221.04 g).

Keywords: Tuberose, Advance breeding lines, Evaluation, Flower yield, Quality

REFERENCES

Anonymous (2016). *Indian statistics*, Ministry of agricuture and farmers welfare, Government of India.
Bailey, L. H. (1919). The standard cyclopedia of horticulture. *Macmillan*, Vol. 2.

Gomez, K. A. and Gomez, A. A. (1984). Statistical procedures for Agricultural Research. John Wiley and Sons, New York.

Khan, R. M. and Parvatha Reddy, P. (1992). Nematode problems of ornamental crops and management. *Nematode pests of crops*.250-57.

Krishnamoorthy, V. (2014). Assessment of tuberose (*Polianthes tuberosa*) varieties for growth and yield characters. Asian Journal of Horticulture, 9(2): 515-517.

Martolia, K. and Srivastava, R. (2012). Evaluation of different tuberose (*Polianthes tuberosa*) varieties for flowering attributes concrete and absolute content. *Indian J. Agric. Sci.* **88**: 170-80.

Ranchana, P., Kannan, M. and Jawaharlal, M. (2015). Evaluation of tuberose (*Polianthes tuberosa*) genotypes (double) for yield and genetic variability. Trends in Biosciences,8 (7): 1766 -1769.

Rani, R. and Singh, C. (2005). Evaluation of different gladiolus cultivars for quality flower production. *Journal of Research*, Bisra Agricultural University. 17(2):227-30.

Rao, M. S., Parvatha Reddy, P. and Wallia, R. K. (2001). Biological control of nematodes in horticultural crops. National Nematology Congress-Centenary Celebrations, New Delhi, India.

Sateesha, G.R., Kumar, Anil and Biradar, M.S. (2011). Performance of different tuberose varieties under field conditions. *Plant Arch.* **11**: 359-60.

Shen, T. M., Huang, K. L. and Huang, T. S. (1986). Study of tuberose hybridization. In *Symp. Dev. New Floricult. Crops, XXII IHC,* 205: 71-74.

Singh, A.K. and Dakho, J. (2017). Evaluation on performance and superiority of tuberose (*Polianthes tuberosa* L.) cultivars for growth and flowering under North Indian plain. Environment and Ecology, 35 (1A): 341-345.

Singh, A., Singh, A.K., Sisodia, Anjana and Padhi, Minakshi (2018). Performance of Tuberose Varieties for Flowering and Flower Yield Parameters under Indo- gangetic Plains of Eastern Uttar Pradesh, India. Int.J.Curr.Microbiol.App.Sci (2018) 7(8): 1129 -1133.

Taylor, A. L. and Sasser, J. N. (1978). Biology, identification and control of root knot nematode *Meloidogyne spp*. North Carolina State University Graphics, Raleigh, NC, 111 pp.

Vijayalaxmi, G.P. and Lakshmidevamma, T.N. (2016). Evaluation of tuberose (*Polianthes tuberosa* L.) varieties for quality traits. Advances in Life Sciences, 5(12): 5370 -537.