

## PERFORMANCE OF GARLIC GENOTYPES FOR THRIPS AND PURPLE BLOTCH RESISTANCE

Asiya Kowser, R<sup>1</sup>, Amarananjundeswara, H<sup>2</sup>, Doddabasappa, B<sup>3</sup>, Aravinda Kumar, J. S<sup>4</sup>, Veere Gowda, R<sup>5</sup>, Soumya Shetty<sup>2</sup>, Sandhya G. C<sup>2</sup>, Prasad P. S<sup>2</sup> and Lavanya V.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Vegetable Science, College of Horticulture, Kolar, Karnataka, India

<sup>2</sup>Horticulture Research and Extension Station, Hassan, Karnataka, India

<sup>3</sup>Department of Entomology, College of Horticulture, Kolar, Karnataka, India

<sup>4</sup>Department of Vegetable Science, College of Horticulture, Mysore, Karnataka, India

<sup>5</sup>ICAR- Division of Vegetable Science, IIHR, Bangalore, Karnataka, India

Email: [amar.horti@gmail.com](mailto:amar.horti@gmail.com)

Received-07.08.2018, Revised-30.10.2018

**Abstract:** A field experiment was conducted to screen the different garlic genotypes against thrips infestation at Department of Vegetable Science, College of Horticulture, Kolar during *Rabi* season of 2016-17. Out of twenty six genotypes, Yamuna Safed, Ranebennur Local, Jamnagar Local, Mandasaur Local, GN-14-01, Ooty Local and Baram Local-06 were recorded thrips population less than 6.93 per plant and were categorized as resistant. While, genotypes viz., Bhima Purple, Yamuna Safed-2, Yamuna Safed-3, Yamuna Safed-4, Yamuna Safed-5, Yamuna Safed-8, Yamuna Safed-9, Baram Local-06, Jamnagar Local, Mandasaur Local, Ranebennur Local, Ooty Local, GRS-1330, GN-14-25, GN-14-15, DWG-2 and DWG-1 (check) were found to be resistant against purple blotch disease.

**Keywords:** Garlic, Genotypes, Thrips, Purple blotch

### REFERENCES

- Agarwal, A. and Tiwari, R. S. (2013). Evaluation of garlic (*Allium sativum* L.) genotypes for yield and susceptibility to purple blotch. *J. Hort. Fores.*, **5**(4): 48-52.
- Alam, S. S., Ahmad, M., Alam, S., Usman, A., Ahmad, M. I. and Naveedullah (2007). Variation in garlic varieties for reaction to natural infection of *Puccinia porri* Wint. And *Alternaria porri* Clif. At Swabi, NWFP. *Sarhad J. Agric.*, **23**(1): 149-152.
- Anonymous (2015). Horticultural Statistics at a Glance. pp. 222.
- Dhiman, J. S., Chandha, M. L. and Sidhu, A. S. (1986). Studies on relative reaction of onion genotypes against purple blotch disease. *Veg. Sci.*, **13**: 304-310.
- Hossain, M. M., Khalequzzaman, Wadud, M. A., Sarker, M. B. and Ahmed, R. N. (2014). Evaluation of garlic genotypes against thrips. *Int. J. Expt. Agric.*, **4**(4): 1-4.
- Islam, M. J., Islam, M. A., Akter Tania, S., Saha, S. R., Alam, M. S and Hasan, M. K. (2004). Performance of evaluation of some garlic genotypes in Bangladesh. *Asian J. Plant Sci.*, **3**(1): 14-16.
- Mishra, R. K., Verma, A., Singh, S. and Gupta, R. P. (2009). Screening of garlic lines against purple blotch and stemphylium blight. *Pest Management in Hort. Ecosys.*, **15**(2): 138-140.
- Moustafa, Y. M. M., Latif, S. S., Abdel Naem, G. F., Fouly, H. M. H. and Ahmed, S. I. (2009). Performance of new imported foreign garlic genotypes grown under the Egyptian conditions. *Egypt. J. Agric. Res.*, **87**(1): 219-240.
- Pandey, K. K., Kumar, S. and Pandey, P. K. (2000). Screening of garlic genotypes against purple blotch and stemphylium complex. Proceedings of National Symposium on Onion-Garlic Production and Post-harvest Management: Challenges and Strategies, Nov. 19-21, 2000. Nashik. pp. 157-159.
- Patel, P. B. and Patel, J. J. (2012). Suceptibility of different garlic genotypes or cultivars to thrips (*Thrips tabaci* Lindman). *AGRES. An Int. e-J.*, **1**(3): 256-262.

\*Corresponding Author